

# **Idelalisib in Lymphoma**

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# Disclosures for Stephen Ansell, MD, PhD

*In compliance with ACCME policy, Mayo Clinic requires the following disclosures to the activity audience:*

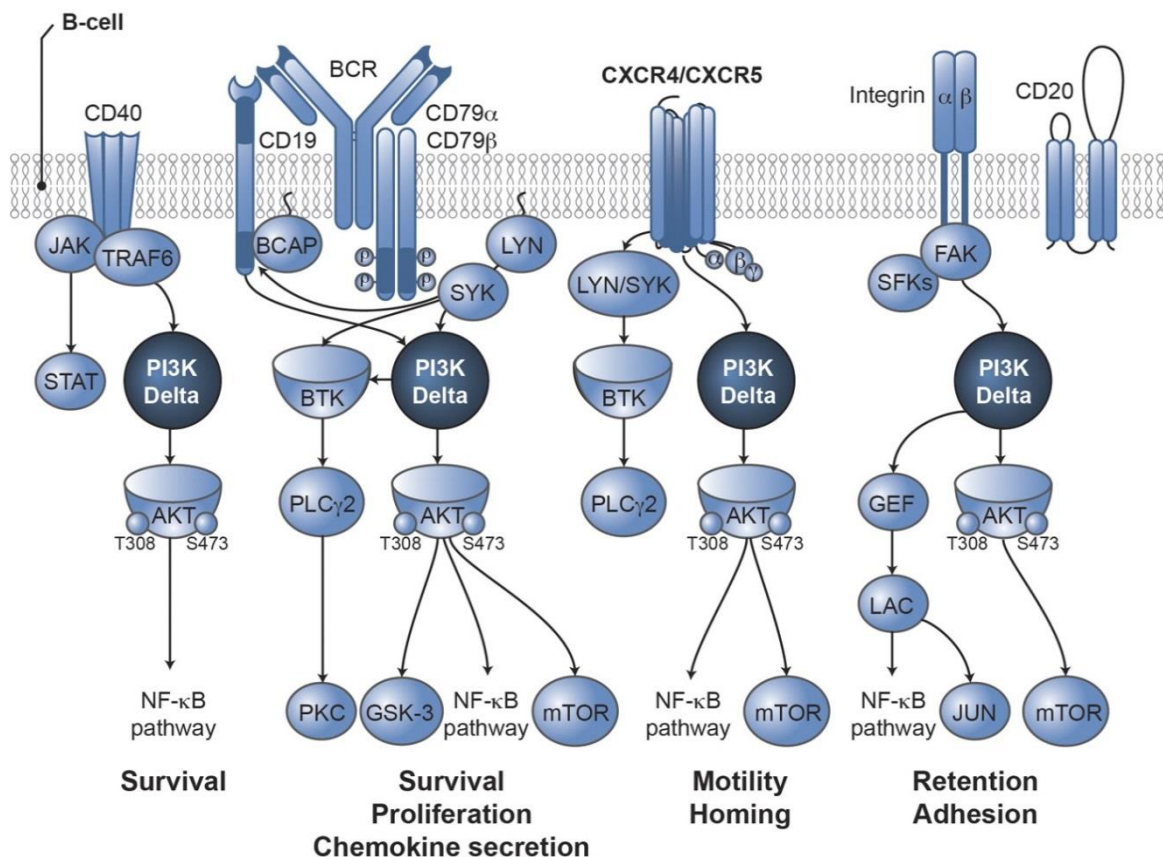
Research Support/P.I.	PI – Seattle Genetics, BMS, Affimed, Regeneron, Pfizer clinical trials
Employee	N/A
Consultant	N/A
Major Stockholder	N/A
Speakers' Bureau	N/A
Scientific Advisory Board	N/A

**N/A = Not Applicable (no conflicts listed)**

## Lessons Learned

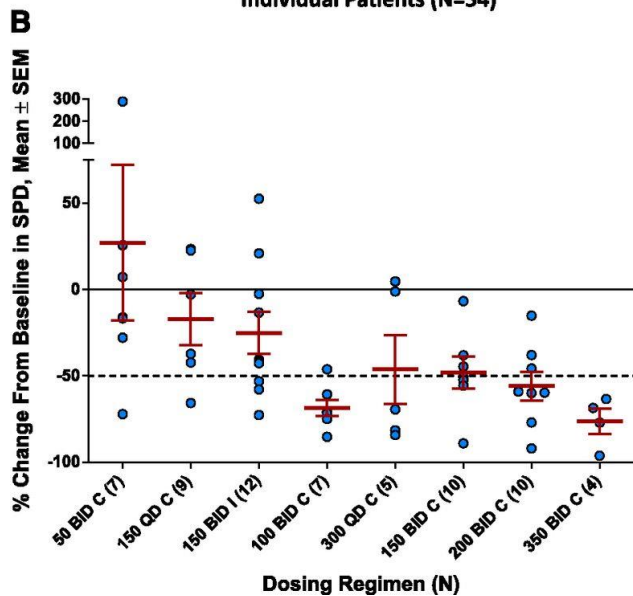
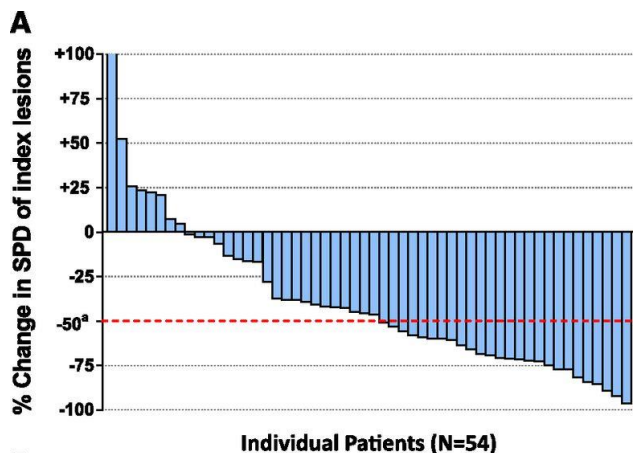
- Targeting the pathway results in significant efficacy
- Targeting the pathway may also result in toxicities that may occur late
- Combinations are challenging – particularly in more immune competent patients.

# Idelalisib-induced inhibition of the PI3K $\delta$ pathway in lymphoma.

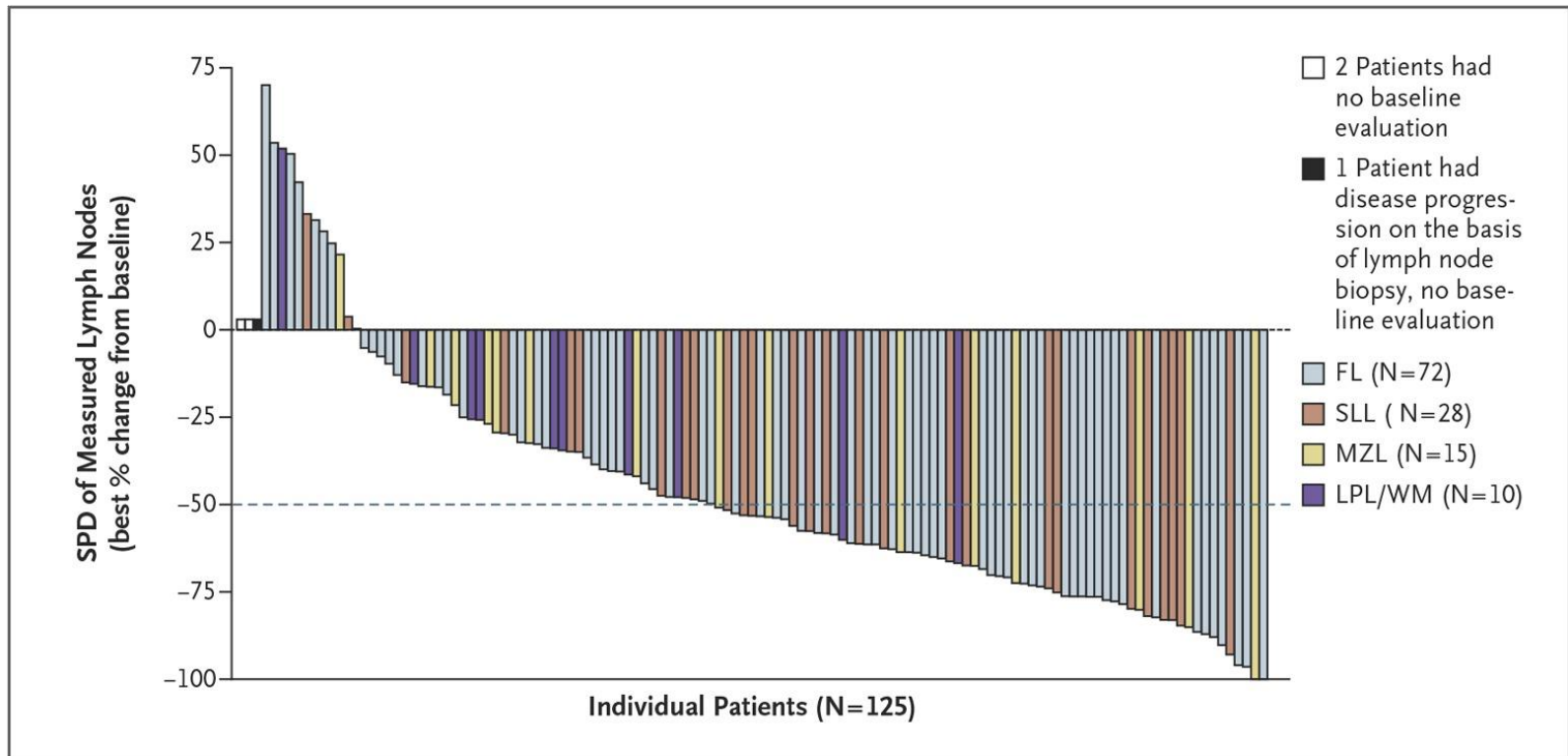


Idelalisib is an orally bioavailable, small-molecule inhibitor of the delta isoform (p110 $\delta$ ) of phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K)

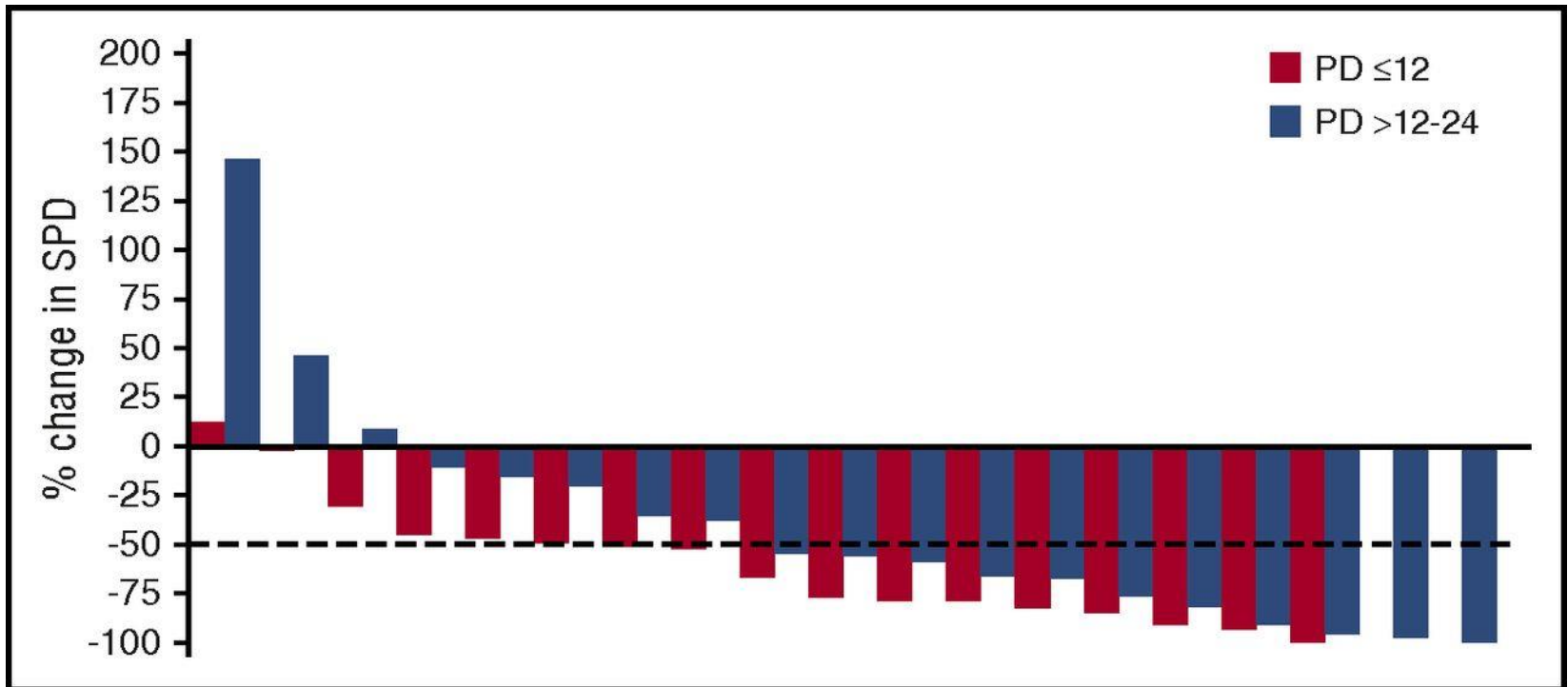
# Idelalisib, a selective inhibitor of PI3-kinase- $\delta$ , as therapy for previously treated indolent non-Hodgkin lymphoma – Phase 1 results



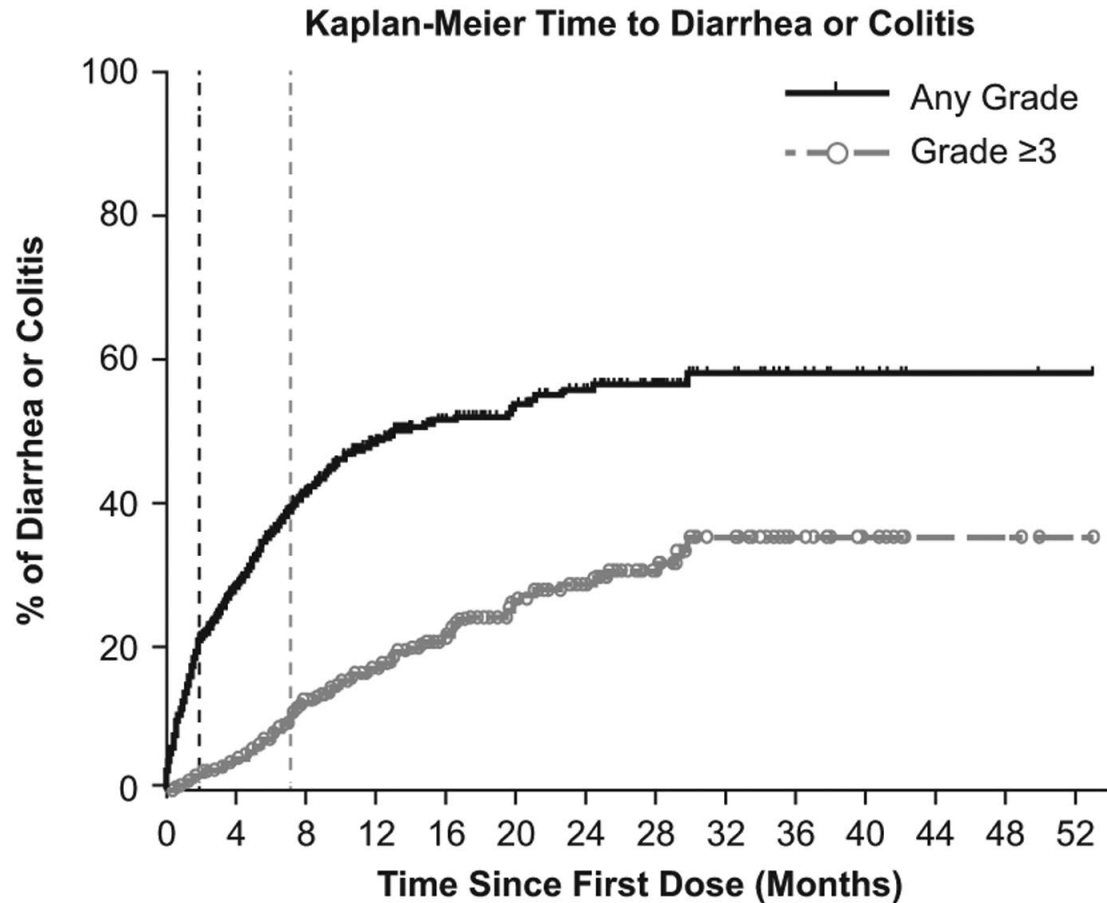
# PI3K $\delta$ inhibition by idelalisib in patients with relapsed indolent lymphoma – Phase 2 results



# Response to idelalisib therapy in Follicular Lymphoma patients who are Early Relapsers



# Time to onset of any grade or grade $\geq 3$ diarrhea or colitis in patients treated with idelalisib



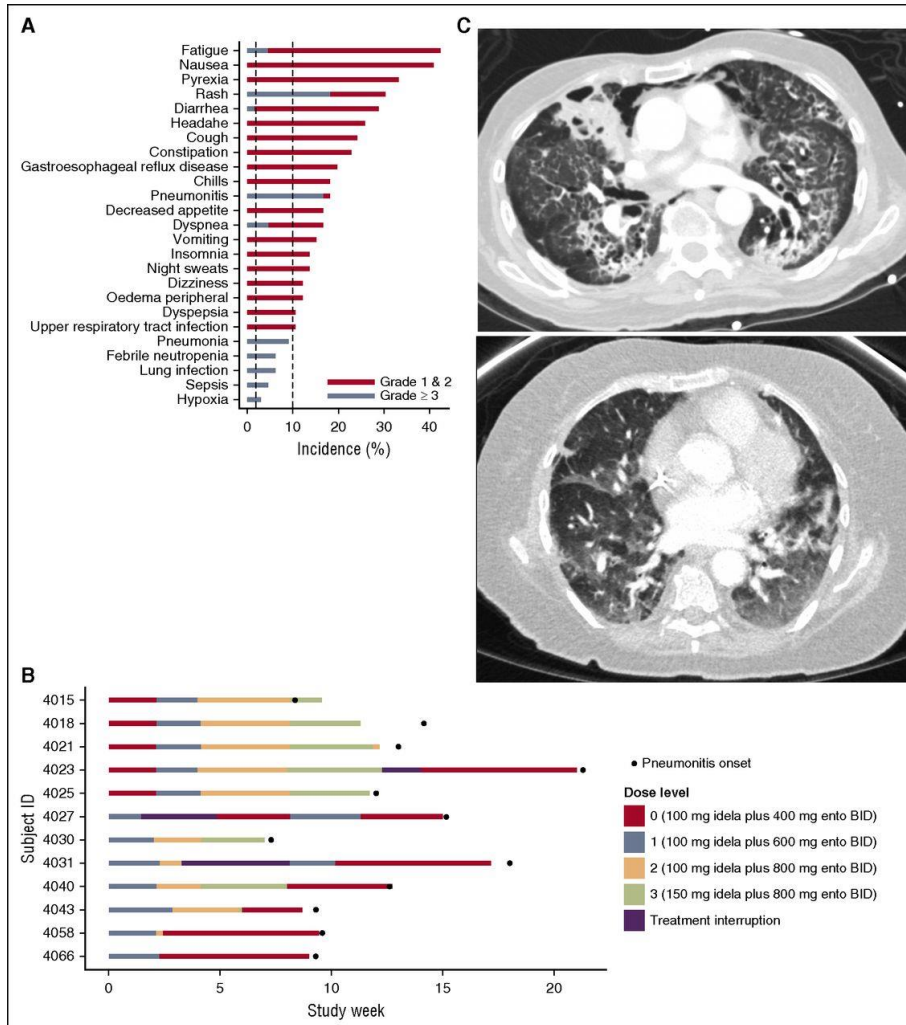
**N at Risk (Events)**

Any Grade	760 (0)	390 (159)	222 (201)	151 (285)	103 (293)	75 (297)	60 (300)	41 (301)	22 (302)	12 (302)	6 (302)	2 (302)	2 (302)	1 (302)
Grade $\geq 3$	760 (0)	512 (28)	316 (64)	232 (78)	166 (88)	114 (98)	87 (101)	54 (103)	29 (106)	15 (106)	8 (106)	3 (106)	3 (106)	1 (106)

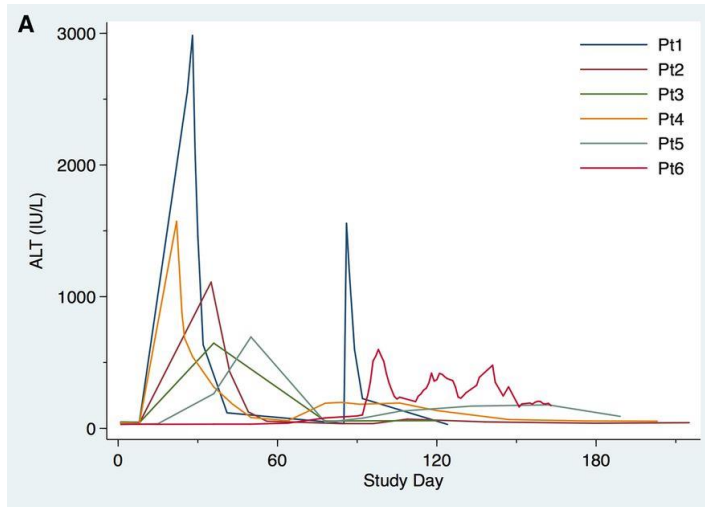
Vertical dot line represents median time to onset calculated based on all subjects with an event



# Phase 2 study of idelalisib and entospletinib: pneumonitis limits combination therapy in relapsed refractory CLL and NHL (N = 66).

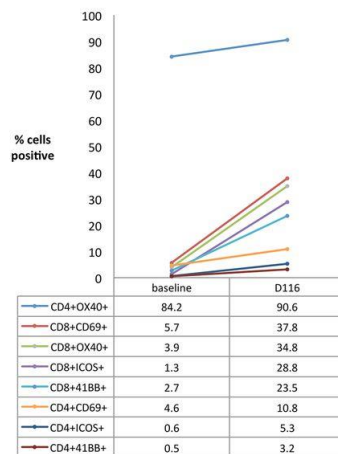


# Liver Function and immunologic changes in patients treated with rituximab, lenalidomide, and idelalisib

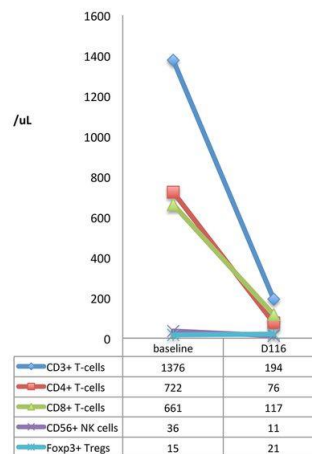


Similar findings in the 11 patients in the Alliance for Clinical Trials in Oncology A051201 and A051202 phase 1 trials

**B** T-cell activation markers pre- and post-treatment



**C** Lymphocyte subsets pre- and post-treatment



Cheah et al. Blood 2015;125:3357-3359

Smith et al. Lancet Haematol, 2017; 4(4), e176-e182,

# Conclusions

- Targeting the pathway results in significant efficacy but also affects pathways that result in toxicity
- Targeting the pathway may also result in toxicities that may occur late and ongoing follow up is important
- Combinations are challenging particularly due to immune immune activation.